Chapter 3
Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

### 3.1 Identiviy Pairs of Lines and Angles

## Parallel Lines

- Lines
- Parallel Symbol:



## Perpendicular Lines

- Lines that
- Perpendicular Symbol:



## Postulate 13: Parallel Postulate

- For any ___ and a not on the line, there is through the parallel to the


## Postulate 14: Perpendicular Postulate

- For any ___ and a not on the line, there is through the to the line.


## EX: Identify parallel and perpendicular lines in the picture.



## EX: Name all parallel and perpendicular lines.



## Transversal

- A
that
two or more other $\qquad$ .





## Angles Formed by Transvresals

- 1) Corresponding Angles: Angles that have positions - positions that

- 2) Alternate Interior Angles: Angles that lie and on of the transversal.

- 3) Alternate Exterior Angles: Angles that lie and on sides of the
transversal.

- 4) Same Side Interior Angles: Angles that lie and on the of the transversal.



## EX: Classify each angle pair.

- <13 and <15
- <4 and <11
- <9 and <16
- $<3$ and $<6$

3.2

Use Parallel Lines and Transversals

## For Two Parallel Lines Cut by a Transversal:

- 1) Corresponding Angles are

-2) Alternate Interior Angles are

- 3) Alternate Exterior Angles are

- 4) Same Side Interior Angles are



## EX: Find the measure of the numbered angles if the $\mathrm{m}<1=110^{\circ}$.



## EX: Find the value of $x$.



## EX: Find the value of $x$.

Ex. 3: Find the value of $x$.


## $E X$ : Find the value of $x$.



## EX: Find the value of $x$ and $y$.


3.4

Find and Use Slopes of Lines

## Slope

- Ratio of to between any


## 4 Types of Slope

- Negative:
- Positive:
- Zero:
- Undefined:


## EX: Find the slope between the points.

- $(6,4)$ and $(8,2)$
- $(-2,4)$ and $(-3,0)$
- $(6,4)$ and $(6,0)$
- $(0,4)$ and $(6,0)$


## EX: Tell which line is steeper.

- Line 1: $(4,5)$ and $(3,1)$
- Line 2: $(6,3)$ and $(5,-2)$
- Line 1: $(-2,4)$ and $(-3,0)$
- Line 2: $(-5,5)$ and $(-3,-1)$


## EX:

A skydiver made jumps with three parachutes. The graph shows the height of the skydiver from the time the parachute opened to the time of the landing for each jump. Which statement is true?
(A) The parachute opened at the same height in jumps $a$ and $b$.
(B) The parachute was open for the same amount of time in jumps $b$ and $c$.

Parachutes

(C) The skydiver descended at the same rate in jumps $a$ and $b$.
(D) The skydiver descended at the same rate in jumps $a$ and $c$.

## In the previous Example:

- Which parachute was in the air the longest amount of time?
- What do the x and y intercepts represent in this situation?
- During the climb on the Magnum XL-200 roller coaster, you move 41 feet upward for every 80 feet you move horizontally. At the crest of the hill, you have moved 400 feet forward.

- A) Making a Table: Make a table showing the height of the Magnum at every 80 feet it moves horizontally. How high is the roller coaster at the top of its climb?
- B) Calculating : Write a fraction that represents the height the Magnum climbs for each foot it moves horizontally. What does the numerator represent?
- C) Using a Graph: Another roller coaster, the Millennium Force, climbs at a slope of 1. At its crest, the horizontal distance from the starting point is 310 feet. Compare this climb to that of the Magnum. Which climb is steeper?


## Parallel Lines

- Have $\qquad$
- EX:



## Perpendicular Lines

- Have
that are
of each other.
- EX:



## EX: Tell whether they are parallel or not. Explain.

- Line $m$ passes through $(-1,3)$ and $(4,1)$
- Line $n$ passes through $(-2,-1)$ and $(3,-3)$


## EX: Tell whether the lines are

 perpendicular or not. Explain.- Line $t$ passes through $(0,2)$ and $(6,5)$
- Line $s$ passes through $(2,4)$ and $(4,0)$


## EX: Graph the line through the given point with the given slope.

- $\mathrm{P}(-1,2)$, slope $=\frac{1}{4}$

- $P(2,1)$, slope $=\frac{-3}{2}$



## EX: Find the slope of the line $n$

 perpendicular to line $h$ and passing through point $P$.
3.5

Write and Graph Equations of Lines

## Slope-Intercept Form

- m is the $\qquad$
- b is the $\qquad$



## Point-Slope Form

- $m$ is the
- $\left(\mathrm{X}_{1}, \mathrm{y}_{1}\right)$ is an
- $x$ and $y$
- EX:


# EX: Write an equation of the line shown (in slope-intercept form). 



EX: Write an equation of the line that passes through the given point $P$ and has the given slope.

- $\mathrm{P}(-2,5), \mathrm{m}=\frac{1}{4}$

EX: Write an equation of the line that passes through point $P$ and is parallel to the line with the given equation.

- $P(-1,1), y-2 x=-3$
- $\mathrm{P}(5,-6), \mathrm{y}-2=-4(\mathrm{x}+2)$


## EX: Write an equation of the line that

 passes through point $P$ and is perpendicular to the line with the given equation.- $\mathrm{P}(1,5), \mathrm{y}=3 \mathrm{x}-5$


## EX: Graph the equation.

- $3 x+4 y=12$

- $4 y=-x+8$


- Toni's puppy weighed 10 pounds when it was 2 months old. It gained 2 pounds a month for 6 months. Write an equation for the puppy's weight during this time.
- Tell what the slope and y-intercept mean in this situation.
- One bank charges $\$ \mathbf{1} .50$ for each use of its debit card. Another bank charges $\$ 10$ per month for an unlimited number of debit card uses. How many times per month would you need to use your debit card to make the bank that charges a flat rate the better choice? Use a graph to support your answer.

3.6

Theorems About Perpencicular Lines

## Theorem 1:

- If to form a pair of __, then the lines are $\qquad$



## Theorem 2:

- If
are
then they
to form



## Theorem 3

- If two are
, then the angles are $\qquad$



## EX:

In the diagram, $\overleftrightarrow{A B} \perp \overleftrightarrow{B C}$. What can you conclude about $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ ?


## EX:

1. Given that $\angle A B C \cong \angle A B D$, what can you conclude about $\angle 3$ and $\angle 4$ ?
Explain how you know.


## EX:

1. Find $m \angle 3$.


## EX: Given that find $x$.



## Distance From a Point to a Line:

- Shortest distance from a to a is the
$\qquad$ -



## Distance between Parallel Lines:

- The of any
between the lines.

